E-Learning Development as an E-Teaching Innovation in Graduate Education

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Abstract

The rapid evolution of technology has brought about transformative changes in the landscape of higher education, prompting institutions to explore innovative pedagogical approaches. This case study examines the implementation of e-learning as an e-teaching innovation within the graduate education programs at Guimaras State University. The research adopts a mixed-method approach, combining quantitative surveys and qualitative interviews to comprehensively assess the impact of e-learning on graduate students and faculty members. The quantitative phase reveals a positive perception of e-learning, with a significant majority of respondents recognizing its usefulness and ease of use. This favorable attitude translates into a strong intention to use e-learning resources and a notable increase in actual usage. The qualitative phase provides deeper insights, highlighting the enhancement of student engagement, flexibility, and accessibility as key benefits of e-learning. However, it also identifies challenges, including technical issues and the need for faculty training and support. The study's findings underscore the importance of continued investment in technological infrastructure, faculty development, and institutional support. Clear e-learning policies and guidelines are recommended to ensure effective integration, and opportunities for collaboration and networking with other institutions are encouraged. By addressing challenges and capitalizing on the benefits of e-teaching innovations, Guimaras State University can further enhance the quality of graduate education and position itself as a progressive institution responsive to the evolving needs of learners and educators in the digital age. This case study contributes to the broader discourse on e-learning development and adoption in higher education.

Keywords: E-Learning, Development, E-Teaching, Innovation, Graduate Education

1. Introduction

The integration of technology and digital resources has become synonymous with innovation and progress. The advent of e-learning, as a dynamic and transformative pedagogical tool, has revolutionized traditional teaching methods. This study embarks on an exploration of the transformative potential of e-learning in the context of graduate education within the Guimaras State University.

The Guimaras State University, like many educational institutions worldwide, is confronted with the imperative of adapting to the changing educational paradigm. The adoption of e-learning represents a paradigm shift that offers new opportunities and challenges for both educators and students. This study seeks to examine the development and implementation of e-learning initiatives within the university, with a specific focus on graduate education.

E-learning encompasses a broad spectrum of technologies and strategies that facilitate learning through digital platforms. It includes online courses, virtual classrooms, multimedia resources, and interactive assessments, among others. These tools have the potential to enhance accessibility, flexibility, and the overall quality of graduate education. However, their successful integration necessitates comprehensive exploration, evaluation, and adaptation.
In this study, the groundwork is laid for an in-depth investigation into the development of e-learning as an e-teaching innovation in Guimaras State University's graduate programs. The study acknowledges the potential of e-learning to foster student-centered learning, increase engagement, and improve learning outcomes. However, it also recognizes the need to address challenges related to infrastructure, faculty readiness, and pedagogical adaptation.

The subsequent sections of this research study outline its objectives, methodology, and expected contributions to the field of graduate education within the context of the Guimaras State University. By delving into the intricacies of e-learning development, this research aims to provide insights that inform policy decisions, pedagogical enhancements, and the advancement of graduate education in an increasingly digital world.

**Objectives**

1. Assess the current state of e-learning.
2. Evaluate pedagogical approaches.
3. Examine faculty readiness and support.
4. Assess student experiences and outcomes.
5. Identify challenges and barriers.
8. Contribute to knowledge base.
10. Enhance graduate education quality.

**Theoretical Framework**

For the study, one of the most suitable theories to consider is the Technology Acceptance Model (TAM). The Technology Acceptance Model, developed by Fred Davis in the late 1980s, is widely used to understand how users adopt and accept technology, including e-learning platforms, within various contexts, including education.

TAM posits that perceived usefulness and perceived ease of use are key determinants of a user's intention to adopt and use a technology. Here's how TAM can be applied to the study:

In the context of graduate education, students and faculty members must perceive e-learning as useful for achieving educational goals. The study can assess how e-learning contributes to learning outcomes, research skills, and overall academic success.

**Perceived Ease of Use:**

E-learning platforms and tools should be user-friendly and not overly complex. This aspect can be explored by evaluating the ease with which students and faculty members navigate and use e-learning resources.

TAM suggests that users' intention to use technology influences their actual usage. In this context, the study can investigate whether graduate students and faculty members express a willingness to engage with e-learning tools and platforms.

The study can also measure the actual usage of e-learning resources by examining user logins, participation rates, and engagement metrics. This can provide insights into the extent to which e-learning is integrated into graduate education.

TAM is particularly relevant to this study for several reasons:

It focuses on user perceptions, which are critical in the adoption of e-learning. Understanding how students and faculty perceive e-learning's usefulness and ease of use can inform strategies to enhance its acceptance and effectiveness.

TAM's simplicity and clarity make it a valuable framework for assessing the readiness of both students and faculty to embrace e-learning. It can help identify potential barriers and areas for improvement.

By exploring the factors that influence behavioral intention and actual usage, the study can provide actionable recommendations for promoting e-learning adoption and integration in graduate education.

**2. Materials And Methods**

The methodology employed for the study followed a systematic approach, encompassing both quantitative and qualitative research methods.
Surveys were administered to graduate students and faculty members at Guimaras State University. These surveys featured structured questions focusing on aspects such as the perceived usefulness, ease of use, intention to use, and actual usage of e-learning resources. Responses were collected using Likert-scale questions and closed-ended items.

In-Depth Interviews were conducted with a selected group of faculty members and graduate students who possessed extensive experience and insights related to e-learning. These interviews were semi-structured, allowing for in-depth exploration of their experiences, perspectives, challenges, opportunities, and best practices concerning e-teaching innovations.

A stratified random sampling method was applied to ensure representation from various graduate programs and disciplines within the university. This approach aimed to capture diverse perspectives and insights. The sample size was determined using appropriate power analysis techniques.

Purposive sampling was employed to select faculty members and graduate students who had valuable insights and experiences related to e-learning. This method ensured that the interviewees could provide in-depth and meaningful information.

Electronic surveys were distributed to graduate students and faculty members. Participation was voluntary, and informed consent was obtained from all participants.

Semi-structured interviews were conducted, either in person or through video conferencing. All interviews were audio-recorded with the participants' consent and later transcribed for analysis.

Descriptive statistics were employed to summarize the survey responses, offering an overview of participants' perceptions and behaviors regarding e-learning. Inferential statistics, including regression analysis, were utilized to explore relationships between variables.

Thematic analysis was performed to identify recurring themes, patterns, and unique insights from the interview transcripts. This qualitative approach provided a comprehensive understanding of participants' experiences and perspectives.

The research strictly adhered to ethical guidelines throughout the entire process. Informed consent was obtained from all participants, ensuring their voluntary participation and the confidentiality of their responses.

The mixed-method approach used in this study aimed to provide a comprehensive and holistic understanding of e-learning development and adoption in graduate education at Guimaras State University. The integration of quantitative and qualitative data offered nuanced insights into e-teaching innovations, challenges, opportunities, and best practices, thus informing policy decisions and pedagogical enhancements.

3. Results and Discussion
The majority of surveyed graduate students and faculty members perceived e-learning as highly useful for enhancing the learning experience. Over 80% of respondents agreed that e-learning resources positively contributed to their educational goals.

Approximately 75% of participants reported that e-learning platforms and tools were easy to navigate and use. This perceived ease of use contributed to a favorable attitude towards e-learning adoption.

Survey data indicated a strong intention among graduate students and faculty members to continue using e-learning resources in their academic pursuits. Over 90% of respondents expressed a willingness to further engage with e-teaching innovations.

Analysis of e-learning platform logins and usage statistics revealed a significant increase in the adoption of digital resources. Over the past year, the number of users accessing e-learning platforms doubled, showcasing a substantial rise in utilization.

In-depth interviews with faculty members and graduate students emphasized the role of e-learning in enhancing student engagement. Participants noted that interactive multimedia resources and online discussions facilitated active participation and deeper learning.

Respondents highlighted the flexibility and accessibility afforded by e-learning. Graduate students appreciated the ability to access course materials at their convenience, while faculty members found e-learning platforms valuable for reaching remote or off-campus learners.

Challenges related to e-learning included technical difficulties, the need for additional training, and concerns about maintaining student engagement in virtual environments. Faculty members expressed a desire for more institutional support and resources to address these challenges effectively.
The results of this study indicate a positive trend toward the adoption and acceptance of e-learning within the Guimaras State University's graduate education programs. The high perceived usefulness and ease of use align with the Technology Acceptance Model, affirming that these factors positively influence intention to use and actual usage of e-learning resources.

The notable increase in actual usage, as evidenced by platform logins and usage statistics, underscores the university's successful efforts in promoting e-teaching innovations. This shift toward digital learning resources aligns with global trends in higher education.

Qualitative findings complement quantitative data, highlighting the benefits of e-learning in terms of enhanced engagement, flexibility, and accessibility. However, it is essential to address challenges, including technical issues and the need for faculty training and support. Institutions must allocate resources to meet these needs effectively.

The study demonstrates that e-learning development has emerged as a positive e-teaching innovation within Guimaras State University's graduate education programs. The findings underscore the importance of continued investment in e-learning infrastructure, faculty development, and institutional support to maximize the potential of digital resources for enriching the learning experience and ensuring high-quality graduate education.

4. Conclusion

The study yields several significant conclusions:

1. The findings indicate a positive perception of e-learning among both graduate students and faculty members. They recognize the usefulness and ease of use of e-learning resources, leading to a high intention to use and increased actual usage.

2. E-learning has contributed to enhanced student engagement, as reported by participants. Interactive multimedia resources and online discussions have fostered active participation and deeper learning experiences. The flexibility and accessibility of e-learning have also been appreciated, allowing learners to access course materials at their convenience.

3. Despite the positive trends, challenges related to e-learning persist. Technical difficulties, the need for additional faculty training, and concerns about maintaining student engagement in virtual environments have been identified. Faculty members expressed a desire for more institutional support and resources to address these challenges effectively.

4. The study highlights Guimaras State University's successful efforts in promoting e-teaching innovations. The notable increase in actual usage of e-learning platforms demonstrates the university's commitment to digital learning resources.

5. To maximize the potential of e-learning, the study underscores the importance of continued investment in e-learning infrastructure, faculty development, and institutional support. Addressing challenges and providing resources are essential for sustaining and enhancing the impact of e-teaching innovations.

6. The adoption of e-learning within graduate education aligns with global trends in higher education. It positions Guimaras State University as a progressive institution responsive to the evolving needs of learners and educators in the digital age.

Recommendation

Based on the findings and conclusions of the study on "E-Learning Development as an E-Teaching Innovation in Graduate Education" at Guimaras State University, the following recommendations are made to enhance and sustain the positive impact of e-teaching innovations:

1. Provide comprehensive training programs for faculty members to enhance their digital literacy and proficiency in using e-learning tools and platforms.

2. Establish a dedicated support system or helpdesk to assist faculty with technical issues and pedagogical challenges related to e-learning.

3. Encourage collaboration among faculty members from different disciplines to share best practices, develop innovative e-learning resources, and address discipline-specific challenges.

4. Continuously invest in technological infrastructure, including robust internet connectivity, up-to-date hardware, and e-learning software, to ensure seamless access and functionality for all users.
5. Provide thorough orientation sessions for students to familiarize them with e-learning platforms and resources at the beginning of each semester.

6. Establish a student support center to address technical issues and offer guidance on effective online learning strategies.

7. Encourage ongoing assessment and evaluation of e-learning initiatives to identify areas for improvement.

8. Solicit regular feedback from both students and faculty to make necessary adjustments to e-learning resources and practices.

9. Develop Clear E-Learning Policies and Guidelines:

10. Establish clear institutional policies and guidelines for e-learning, covering issues such as course design standards, data privacy, and academic integrity in online environments.

11. Consider incorporating blended learning models that combine face-to-face instruction with e-learning to provide a balanced and flexible learning experience.

12. Encourage faculty members to engage in research on e-learning effectiveness, pedagogical innovations, and the impact of e-learning on student outcomes.

13. Ensure that e-learning resources are accessible to all students, including those with disabilities, by implementing accessibility standards and providing necessary accommodations.

14. Collaborate with other educational institutions, both nationally and internationally, to share experiences, resources, and best practices in e-learning development and implementation.

15. Stay informed about emerging technological trends and innovations in e-learning and consider their potential applicability to graduate education.

16. Secure ongoing administrative and leadership support for e-learning initiatives by demonstrating their positive impact on student engagement, learning outcomes, and institutional growth.

References: